









South Asia Rainwater Network (SARNET)—Pakistan 3rd-INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE

CONSERVING BLUE DIAMONDS

Creating Climate Resilience Through Rainwater Conservation & Management

Annex - "A"

CONCEPT OF THE CONFERENCE

Introduction:

According to the United Nations, by 2025, some 1.8 billion people will be living in countries or regions with absolute water shortages, and two-thirds of the world's population could be under "water stress" conditions. National Geographic July 2020 warned about a looming water crisis in South Asia, based on the projected decline in ice melting from the Himalayan region. At the 15th SAARC summit held in Sri Lanka in 2008, a reference was made to imminent water scarcity in the South Asia region. The "Colombo Declaration" an outcome of this summit emphasized the need to initiate capacity building and research on rainwater harvesting to combat water scarcity predicted for the region in the future.

The population of Pakistan is growing rapidly, estimated to be 250 million at present, such a rapid increase has put enormous strain on the demand and supply gap of water. Out of 122 countries, Pakistan ranks 80th for drinking water availability, which is quite alarming (Azizullah et al., 2011).

Pakistan receives an average of minimum 200 mm rainfall in southern part to maximum 1700mm in the Northern parts, but the bulk of the rainwater is wasted due to scarcity of water storage facilities, lack of knowledge and practices about Rainwater Harvesting and improper drainage channels for the diversion of rainwater. This also leads to flooding in many parts of the country.

Having proper systems and technologies to store, recharge groundwater and treat rainwater can not only address the growing demand for safe water but can also reduce the frequency and intensity of flooding in Pakistan. Already, the model of roof top rainwater harvesting has been successfully demonstrated in earthquake 2005 Affected Areas of Pakistan and Azad Kashmir during reconstruction program in years 2010-14. Considering this project as one of the best practices of Climate Change Adaption in Pakistan, services of International Institute for Environment & Development (IIED) UK were hired by UNFCC & Ministry of Climate Change Pakistan, mainly to assess the socio-economic benefits of Rainwater harvesting in the context of Tracking Adaptation & Measuring Development (https://www.iied.org/search?k=TAMD+Pakistan). The outcome of the study was enormously encouraging for the promotion of Rainwater Harvesting across the country.

However, lack of awareness, not only in the masses but at policy level too; about technology, practices worldwide and its benefits, is the key challenge to promote rainwater harvesting nationally, regionally or even globally. Hence, it's highly needed to showcase the best practices of rainwater harvesting, not only in Pakistan but in the rest of the Globe, mainly to gain the confidence of a skeptical majority with low awareness of the technology & concept.

The interest and importance of harvesting of rainwater has grown in the South Asia region during the past two decades. In September 2006, the Government of Sri Lanka hosted a Regional Forum on Rainwater Harvesting in the city of Kandy. The regional forum was attended by the Ministers of the South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC) responsible for water matters, in addition to professionals and local practitioners. The Ministerial Declaration following the technical deliberations included a decision to establish a Secretariat for the South Asian Region on rainwater harvesting to sustain











South Asia Rainwater Network (SARNET)—Pakistan 3rd-INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE

CONSERVING BLUE DIAMONDS

Creating Climate Resilience Through Rainwater Conservation & Management

interest and facilitate collaboration and coordination in the region. Sri Lanka was selected to host the Secretariat in the initial period following the Forum.

The Declaration made at the 15th SAARC summit held later in Colombo in 2008 laid further emphasis on the need to initiate capacity building and research on rainwater harvesting in order to combat water scarcity predicted for the region in the future.

A Regional Conference on rainwater harvesting held in Kathmandu, Nepal from 28th to 30th of June 2009, hosted by the government of Nepal, reiterated the need for regional collaboration and coordination and promoted the need for a regional center and secretariat.

The International Conference on Water Security through Rainwater Harvesting held in Colombo from 27th – 29th November 2018 (*Organized by Lanka Rainwater Harvesting Forum – LRWHF in collaboration with International Water Management Institute (IWMI) and the Ministry of City Planning and Water Supply)*, reiterated the need for regional networking and promotion of policy and practice on rainwater harvesting. Thus, in mid-2019, LRWHF with the support of USAID and International Rainwater Catchment Systems Association (IRCSA) took steps to initiate the **South Asian Rainwater Network (SARNET)**. This Regional Network center resides within the LRWHF premise in Colombo. The objectives of the SARNET are,

- To function as a repository of information and experience on RWH, networking with RWH promoting organizations, private sector, and individual experts in the South Asia Region,
- To strength a regional rainwater network to coordinate the identification and evaluation for RWH technologies with the purpose of promoting best practices in rainwater management
- To support effective advocacy towards governments and donor agencies.
- To promote a people's Water Management Program based on rainwater harvesting

The SARNET started operations in 2020 with support from USAID and guidance from the Lanka Rainwater Harvesting Forum (LRWHF). Several development practitioners, academics, environmental activists, and academics have joined the network as members and at present SARNET has over 200 members from 20 different countries. During the span of 5 years, SARNET has launched its website and social media platforms, organized and hosted 16 webinars and 02 International Conferences, and initiated space for the young water professionals as Young Rainwater Champions. The success of the network can be gauged from the increased acceptance of technology: the number of members registering with SARNET, participants who join the knowledge-sharing training programs, webinars indicate the growing interest and demand for the technology.

There are several reports about a looming water crisis, drought as well as flash floods in South Asia including Pakistan, who experienced the series of flooding in last 15 years, 2010, 2014, 2017 and the worst in 2022. Given this situation in view, rainwater harvesting and its management could bridge the prevailing indifferences among countries in South Asia and facilitate regional dialogue to share knowledge and best practices on rainwater harvesting as a way of meeting the challenge of being a water-scarce / flood-hit region. More visibility of successful applications and benefits from RWH technology is key towards efficient management of rainwater. This may include demonstrations of the technology, having audio visual and printed material that gives information about the methods, technology,











South Asia Rainwater Network (SARNET) – Pakistan 3rd - INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE

CONSERVING BLUE DIAMONDS

Creating Climate Resilience Through Rainwater Conservation & Management

models of the technology, testimonials from rainwater users, social media influencers who promote the technology and its benefits.

Foregoing in view, and in line with National Water Conservation Strategy of Pakistan (2023-27), SARNET chapter Pakistan in collaboration with Prime Event Management Pakistan & Pak-Water & Energy Expo management, aims to hold 2-days International Conference with a title of **CONSERVING BLUE DIAMONDS** having overall theme of "CREATING CLIMATE CHANGE RESILIENCE THROUGH RAINWATER HARVESTING & MANAGEMENT" on 23-24th Sep-2025 at Expo Center Lahore Pakistan. The conference would be a hybrid participatory format, allowing maximum quality speakers and participants who may not be able to join in person for genuine reasons. Plenary & Technical sessions will be held as per the attached schedule. The key aim of this conference is to propose recommendations for scaling-up of rainwater harvesting & its management at National, Regional and Global level. An estimated cost of USD-25,000/=

(Twenty-five thousand only) is expected to be incurred, detailed below. Sponsorship is to be solicited from various donors / partners in the water / climate sector. **Logos** of the **conference partner(s)** would be reflected in Brochures, Files, Standees, Backdrop Banners & other conference materials. Prime sponsorships would be as follows. **Diamond** partner USD 10000/= (~PKR2,900,000), **Golden** Partner USD-8000/=(PKR~2,320,000/=), **Silver** Partner USD-5000/=(PKR~1,450,000/=), **Bronze** Partner USD-3000/= (PKR~870,000/=).

Expected Outcomes:

- A repository of updated country / region specific information of best practices related to rainwater harvesting collated and shared among stakeholders at National and International level.
- Develop new links amongst organizational actively engaged in rainwater harvesting at National and International level.
- Initiate a discussion with Global /Regional/ National partner in drafting a "Pakistan National Harvesting Report".
- Recommendation for evolving the National Rainwater Harvesting policy.

Targeted Participants:

This conference will engage practitioners, researchers & policy makers from multidisciplinary backgrounds across the country, region and globe to exchange knowledge and experiences on innovations and trends in raising climate resilience.

Registration Link:

https://forms.gle/X7tAiXjjJt3chLKb7











South Asia Rainwater Network (SARNET) – Pakistan 3rd - INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE

CONSERVING BLUE DIAMONDS

Creating Climate Resilience Through Rainwater Conservation & Management

PROPOSED PROGRAM (Tentative)

TIME	ACTIVITIES
Day-1 (Tuesday), 23 rd	Sep.2025
OPENING CERMONY	
09:00am to 09:30am	Registration & Networking
09:30 am	Arrival of the Chief Guest
09:30 am to 09:35am	National Anthem
09:35 am to 09:40am	Recitation from Holy Quran
09:40am to 09:55am	Welcome Remarks and overview of the Conference objectives & expected outcomes by Chairperson Conference Committee
09:55am to 10:10am	Keynote Speech by Mr. Han Heijnen, President International Rainwater Alliance (IRHA), Geneva Switzerland – Worldwide Potentials, Practices & Challenges in Implementation of Rainwater Harvesting & Management
10:10am to 10:20am	Address by the Guest of honor (Federal Ministry G o Pakistan), Policies & Plans
10:20am to 10:40am	Address by the Chief Guest
10:40am to 11:00am	Souvenir presentation & Group Photo
11:00am to 11:30pm	Tea Break & Networking
PLENARY: (RAINWA	ATER HARVESTING & MANAGEMENT IN SOUTH ASIA COUNTRIES)
11:30pm to 01:30pm	 Country Overview of Rainwater Conservation Potential, Initiatives, Challenges and Future plan (Quantity, Quality, Technical Designs, Policy, Utilization, Financial and Social Aspects etc.) 9-Speakers from Pakistan, India, Sri-Lanka, Bangladesh, Nepal, Iran, Afghanistan, Bhutan, Malawi (10-minutes each).
01:30pm to 01:45pm	Souvenir Presentation & Remarks by the Chairperson Plenary Session
01:45pm to 02:15pm	Lunch & Prayers Break
TECHNICAL SESSION	ON-1 (RAINWATER HARVESTING BEST PRACTICES IN PAKISTAN)
2:15pm to 3:30pm	 Presentation on Best Practices & Research Papers on Land Surface Rainwater Harvesting Systems (Quantity, Quality, Technical Designs, Policy Utilization, Financial & Social Aspects etc.) 6-Speakers from various National & Sponsoring Agencies (15-minutes each)
03:30pm to 03:45pm	Q & A Session
03:45pm to 04:00pm	Souvenir Presentation & Remarks by the Chairperson Technical Session-1
04:00pm to 04:30pm	Tea Break, Networking & Closing of Day-1
DAY-2 (WEDNESDA	AD 44th C 4045











South Asia Rainwater Network (SARNET) – Pakistan 3rd - INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE

CONSERVING BLUE DIAMONDS

Creating Climate Resilience Through Rainwater Conservation & Management

PLENARY SESSION (RAINWATER HARVESTING BY UN-AGENCIES & I/NGOs)		
09:00am to 10:30am	 Presentation on Best Practices & Research Papers on Roof-Top Rainwater Harvesting Systems (Quantity, Quality, Technical Designs, Policy, Utilization, Financial & Social Aspects etc.) 6-Speakers from Pakistan, South Asia Region & other parts of the world 	
10:30am to 10:50am	Q & A Session	
10:50am to 11:00am	Presentation of Souvenir & Remarks by the Chairperson of the Session	
11:00am to 11:30am	Tea Break & Networking	
TECHNICAL SESSION-2 (GROUND WATER RECHARGING & TECHNICAL ASPECTS OF RWH)		
11:30am to 01:30pm	 Presentation on Rainwater Harvesting for Ground Water Recharging & multiple Technical & Managerial aspects of Rainwater Harvesting. 6-Speakers from Pakistan, South Asia Region & other parts of the world. 	
01:30pm to 01:50pm	Q&A Session	
01:50pm to 02:00pm	Remarks by the Session Chair & presentation of souvenirs	
02:00pm to 02:30pm	Lunch-Prayers-Networking	
CLOSING SESSION		
02:30pm to 02:45pm	Arrival of the Chief Guest (Engr. Waseem Nazir, Chairman Pakistan Engineering Council)	
02:45pm to 02:50pm	National Anthem	
02:50pm to 02:55pm	Recitation from Holy Quran	
02:55pm to 03:20pm	Debriefing on two-day's proceedings & presentation and consolidated recommendations by the conference participants.	
03:20pm to 03:30pm	Views by any 2-3 Foreign delegates	
03:30pm to 03:40pm	Vote of thanks by the chairperson of the conference committee	
03:40pm to 04:00pm	Distribution of certificates & presentation of souvenirs	
04:00pm to 04:20pm	Speech by the chief guest	
04:20pm to 04:30pm	Group photo with dignitaries	
04:30pm to 05:00pm	Hi-Tea & Closing of the conference	

NOTE: A field trip to the Rainwater Harvesting sites (Rawalpindi) has been planned by the conference partner, M/S Shehersaaz, on 25th Sep-25. The interested Speakers & Foreign delegates are requested to inform well in time about their desire to join (should they be interested to)